



Augmented Reality Map Navigation with Freehand Gestures

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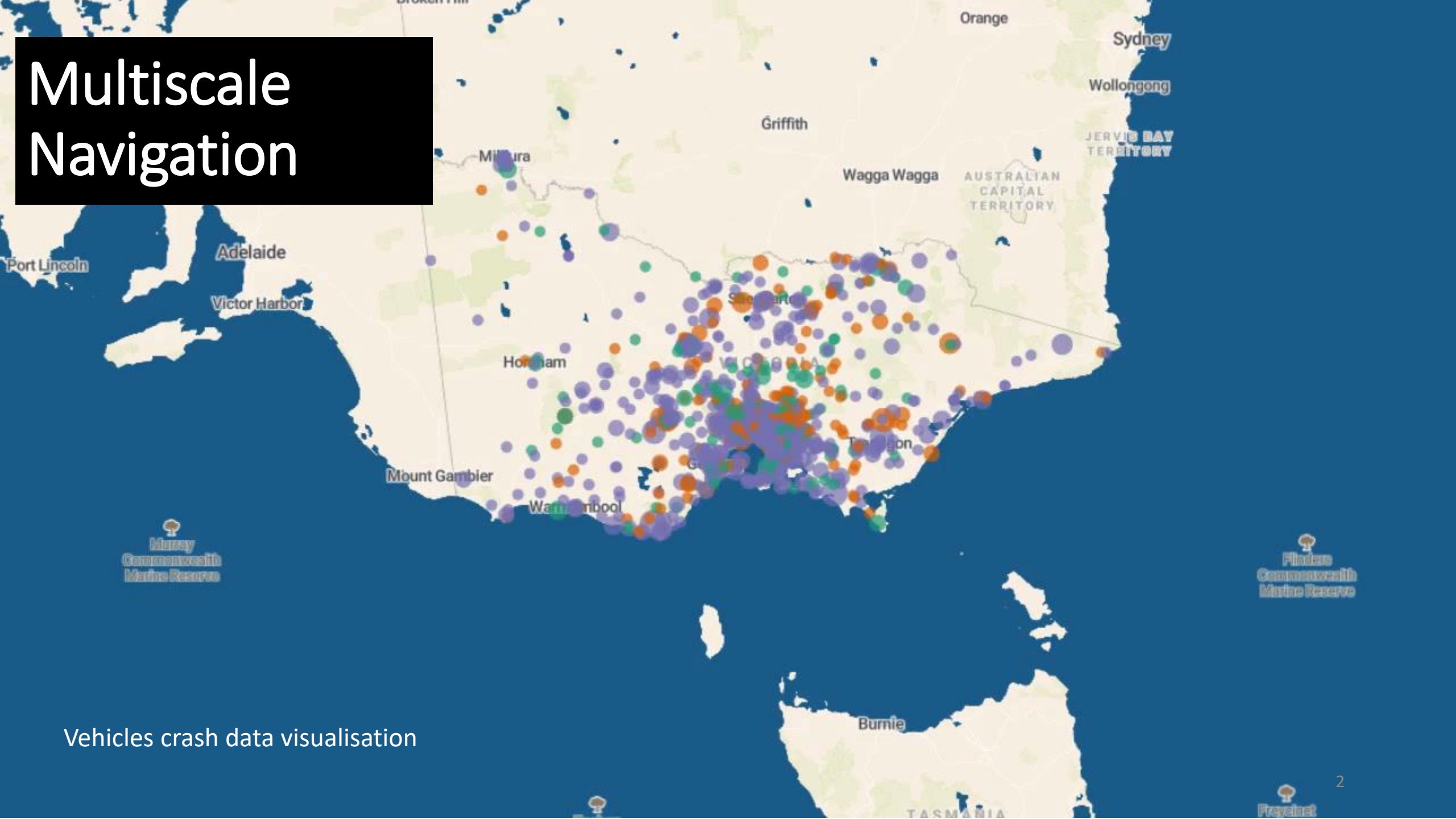
MONASH¹
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UNIVERSITY OF²
CALGARY

IEEE VR 2019
OSKA

Multiscale Navigation



Vehicles crash data visualisation



Augmented reality map

Indirect Grab (Position-based)

Volgrab Technique (Sekiguchi & Komuro, 2017)

Melbourne Vehicle Accidents

● Weekdays ● Saturday ● Sunday



Joystick (Rate-based)

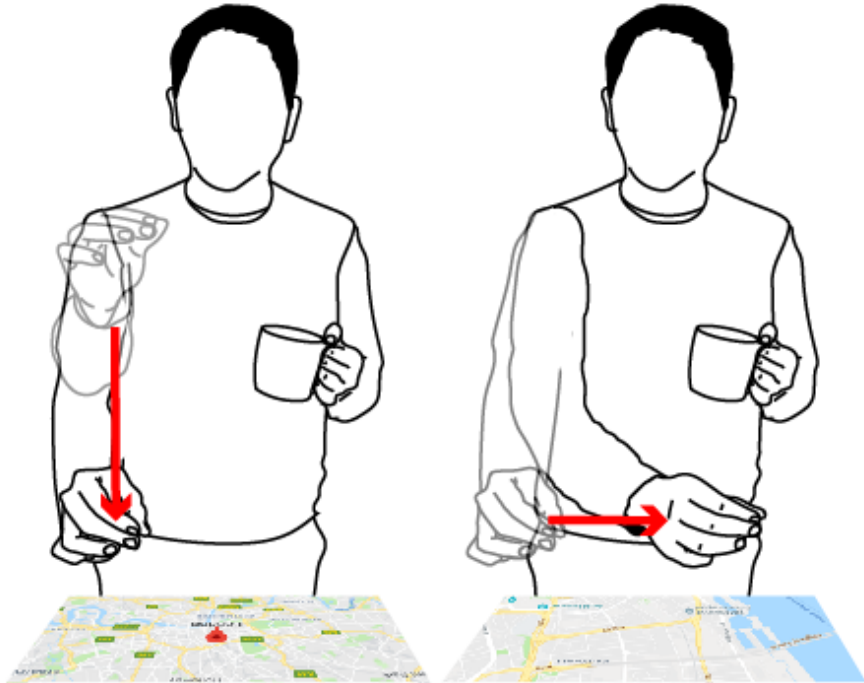
Joystick Technique (Stellmach et al, 2012)

Melbourne Vehicle Accidents

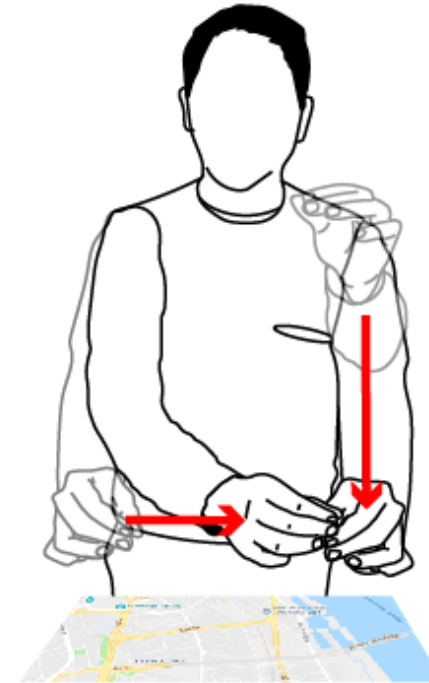
● Weekdays ● Saturday ● Sunday



Handedness



Unimanual Technique



Bimanual Technique

Bimanual Indirect Grab
(Position-based)

Melbourne

Vehicle Address/State

● Weekdays ● Saturday



Bimanual Joystick
(Rate-based)

Melbourne

Vehicle Accidents

● Weekdays ● Saturday ● Sunday



Design Space Evaluation

Factors

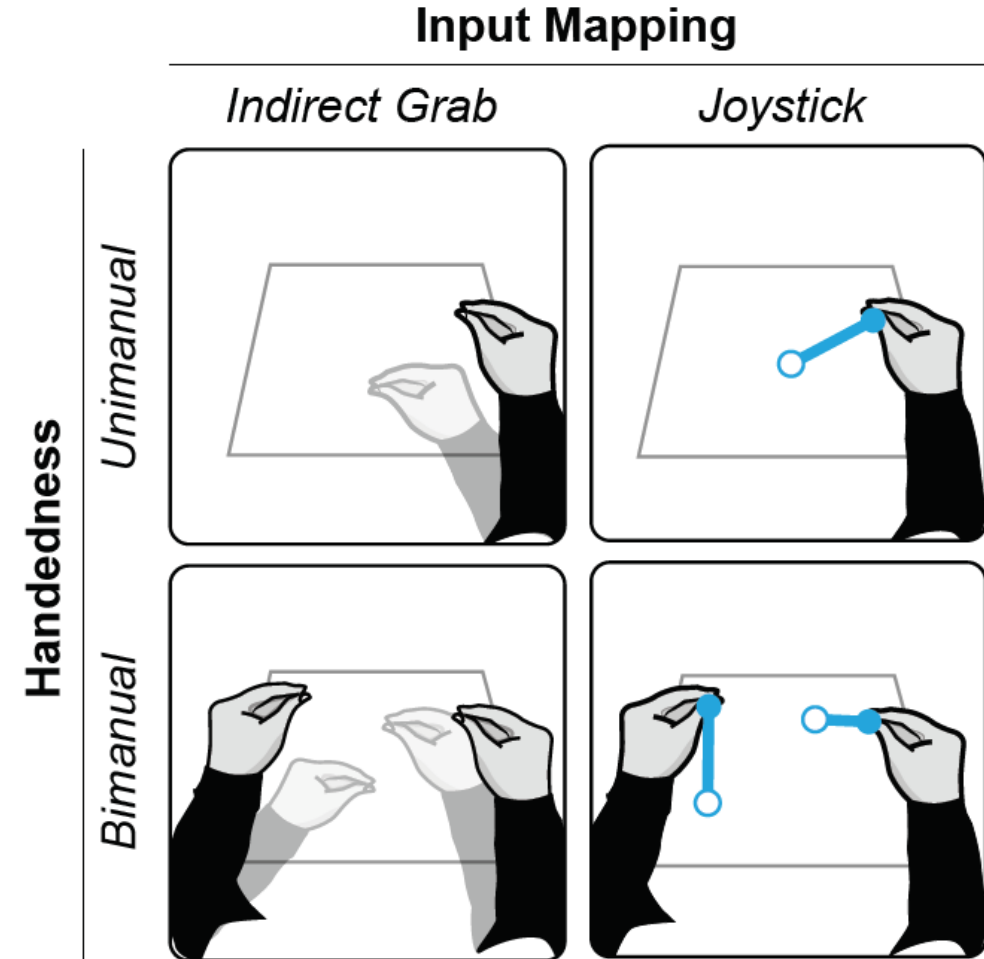
- Input Mapping
- Handedness
- Target Distance
- Target Direction

Measures

- Completion time
- Arm fatigue (Borg's RPE)
- User preference

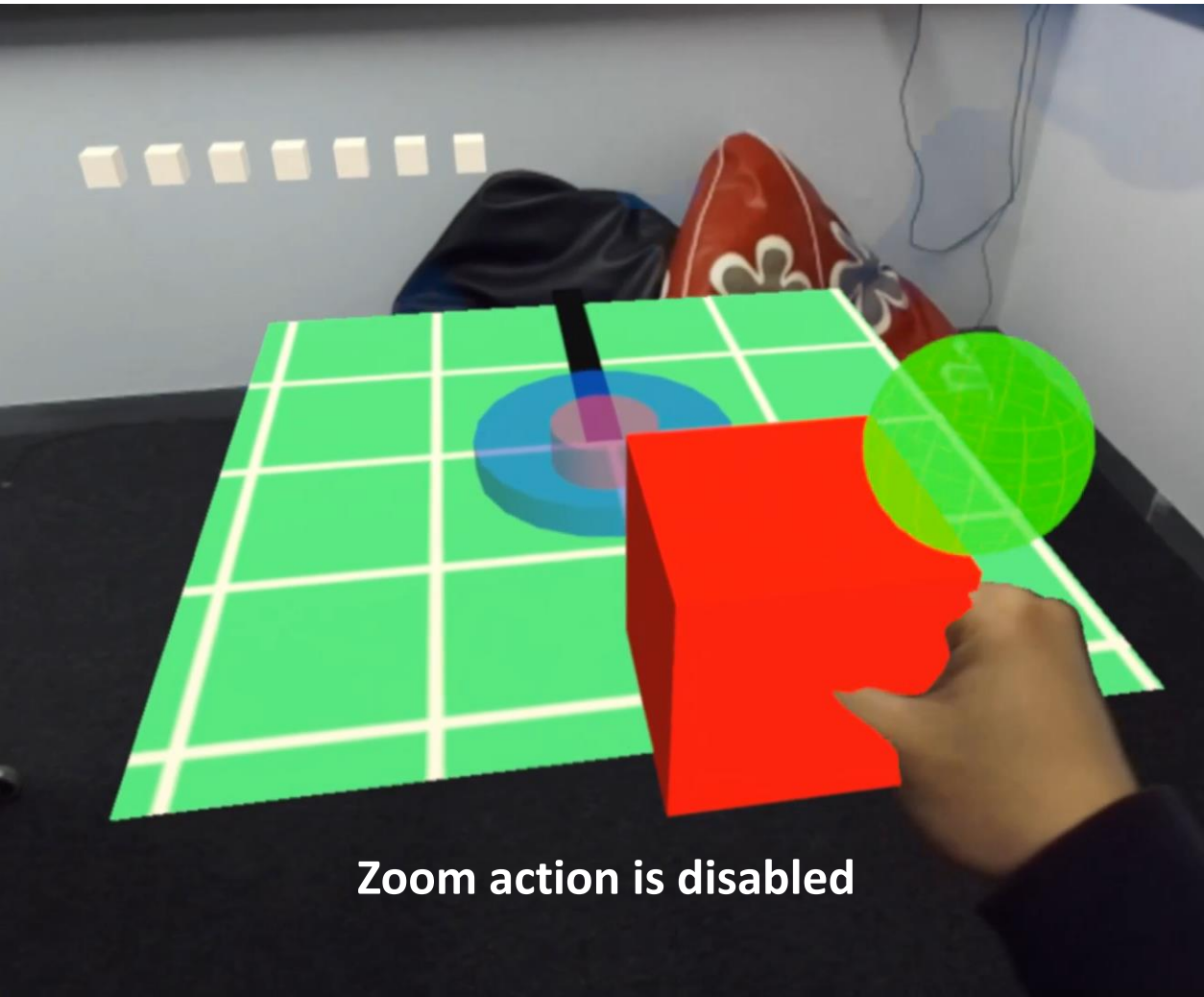
- **Participants**

- 16 participants (13 M, 3 F)

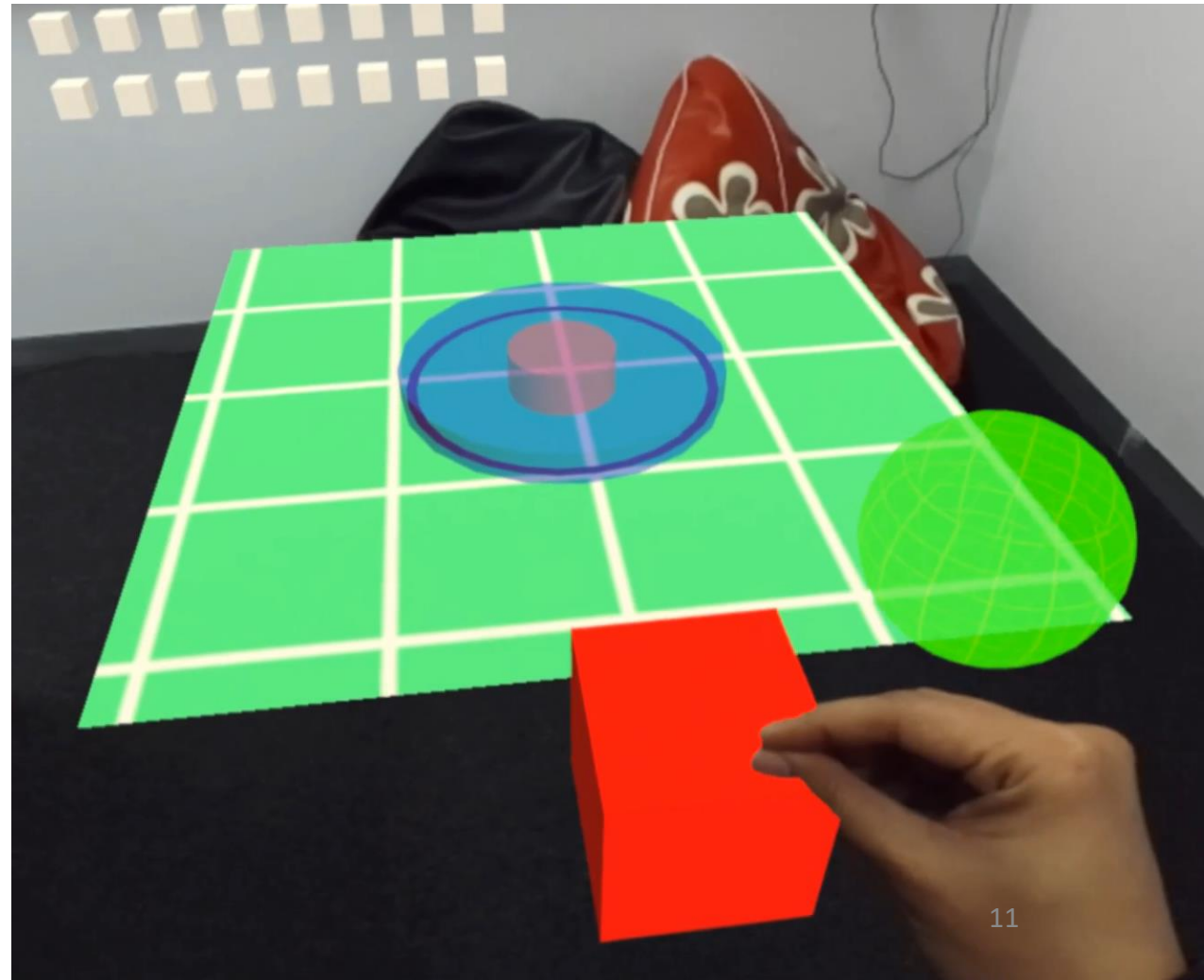


Tasks

Panning Only



Zooming



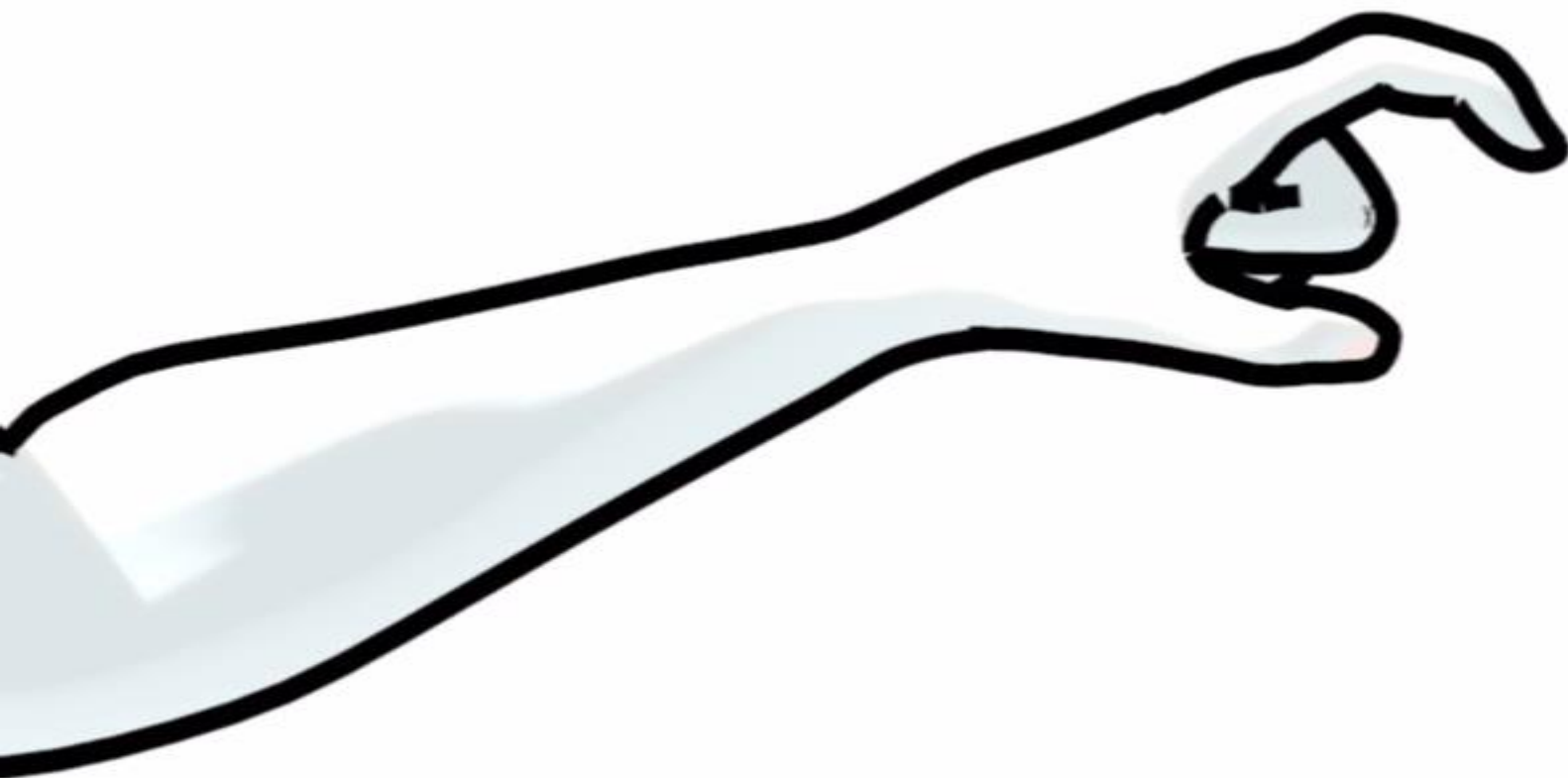


Apparatus (video see-through AR)

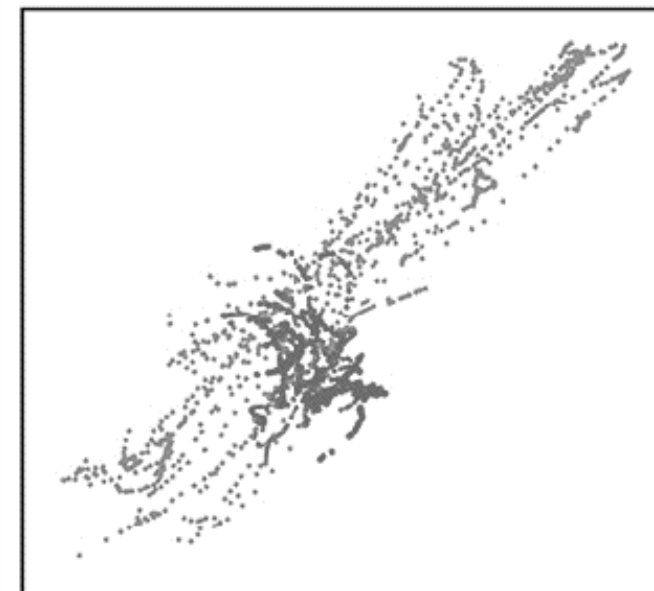
- HTC Vive + Zed Mini
- Leap Motion Hand Tracker Camera

Results Summary

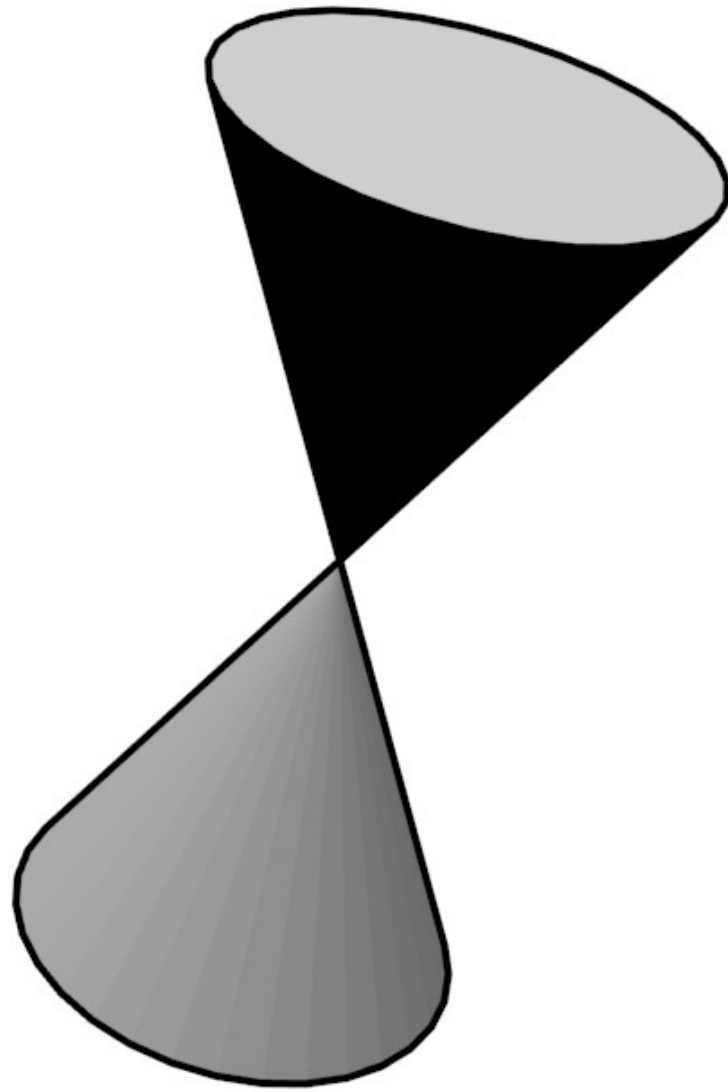
- **Indirect Grab** (position-based) is **faster** but **more fatiguing** than **Joystick** (rate-based)
- **Unimanual** is generally **faster** than **Bimanual**
- User preference is not conclusive
- Oblique hand movements in panning gestures



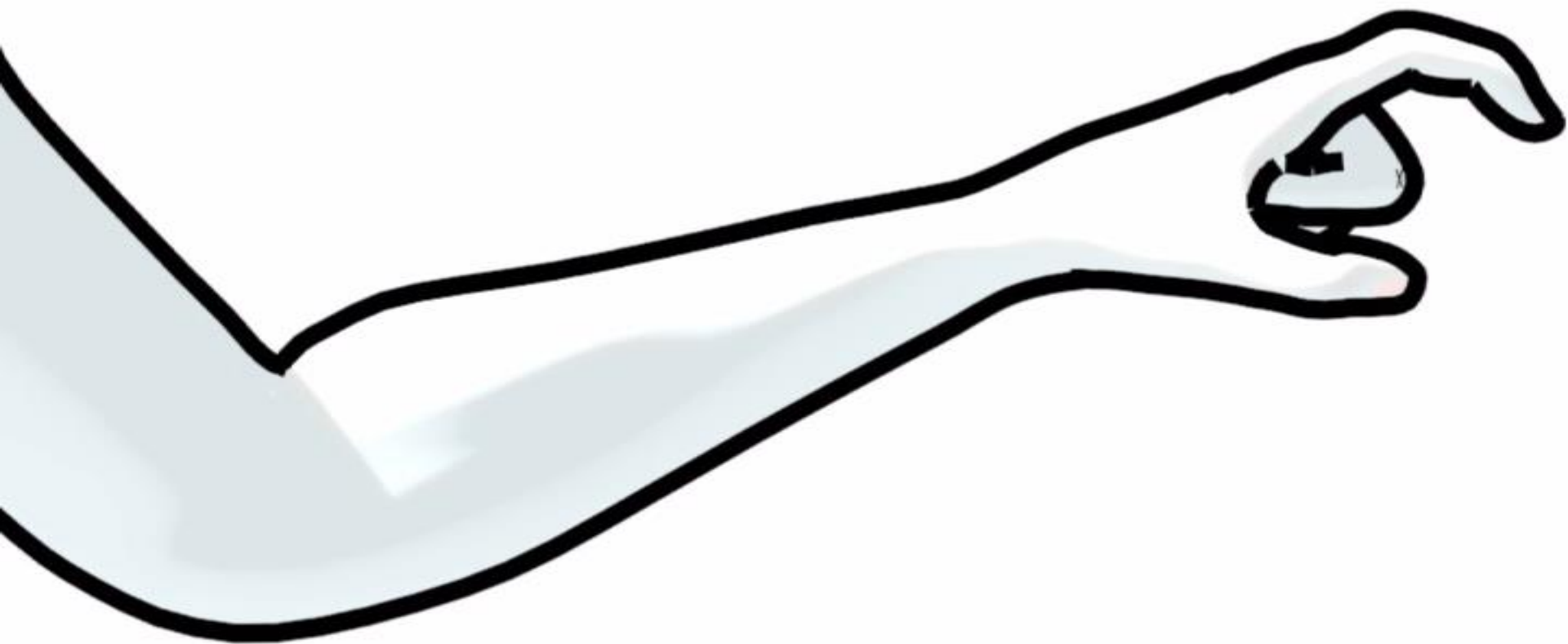
Hand positions (side view)
Unimanual Indirect Grab



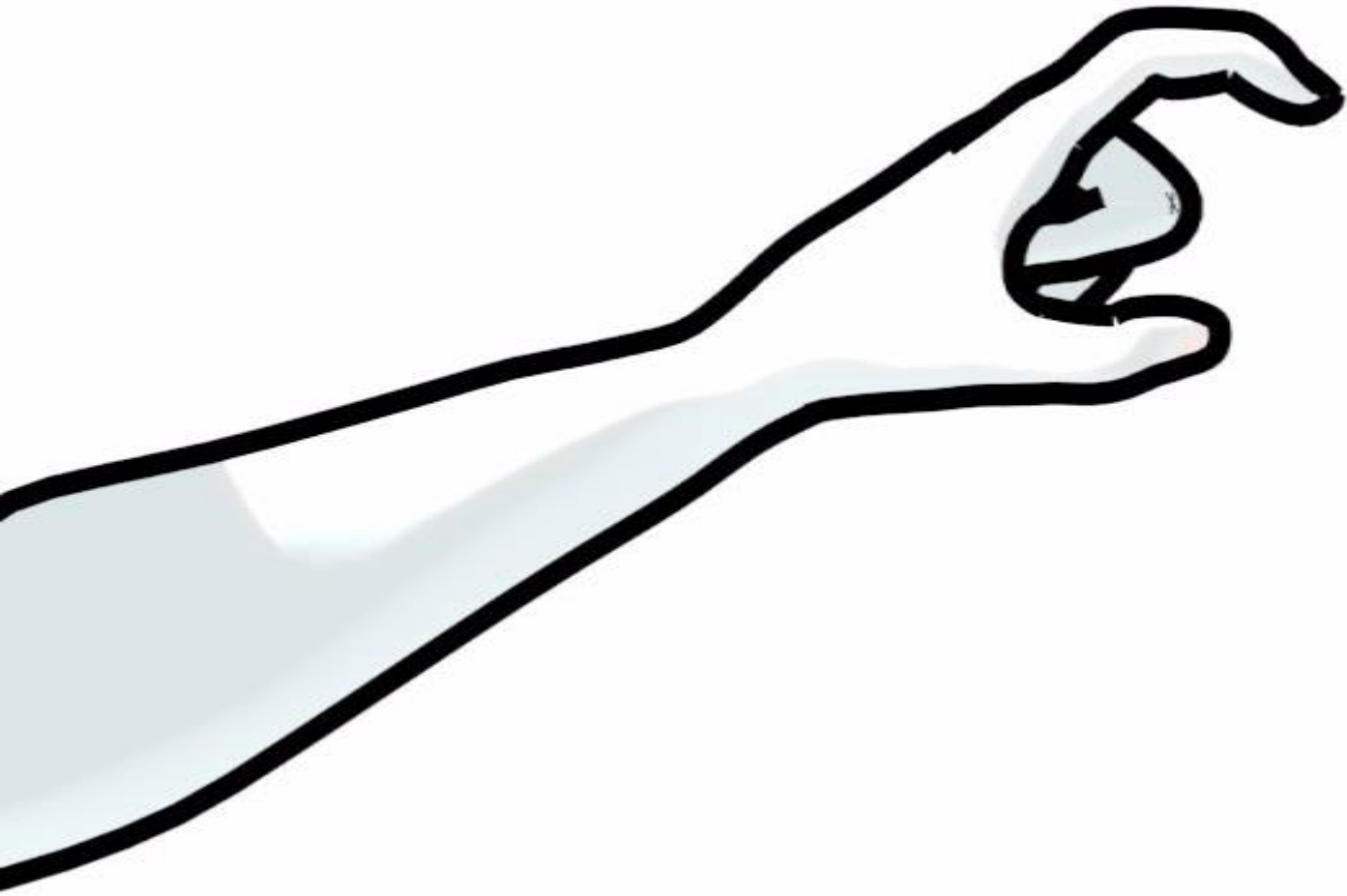
Unintended Zoom in **Panning Only Task**



Dual Cone



Panning Only Action



Integrated Panning and Zooming Action

Hybrid Input Mappings

Goal: facilitate **short distance** and **long distance** navigation,
minimise fatigue

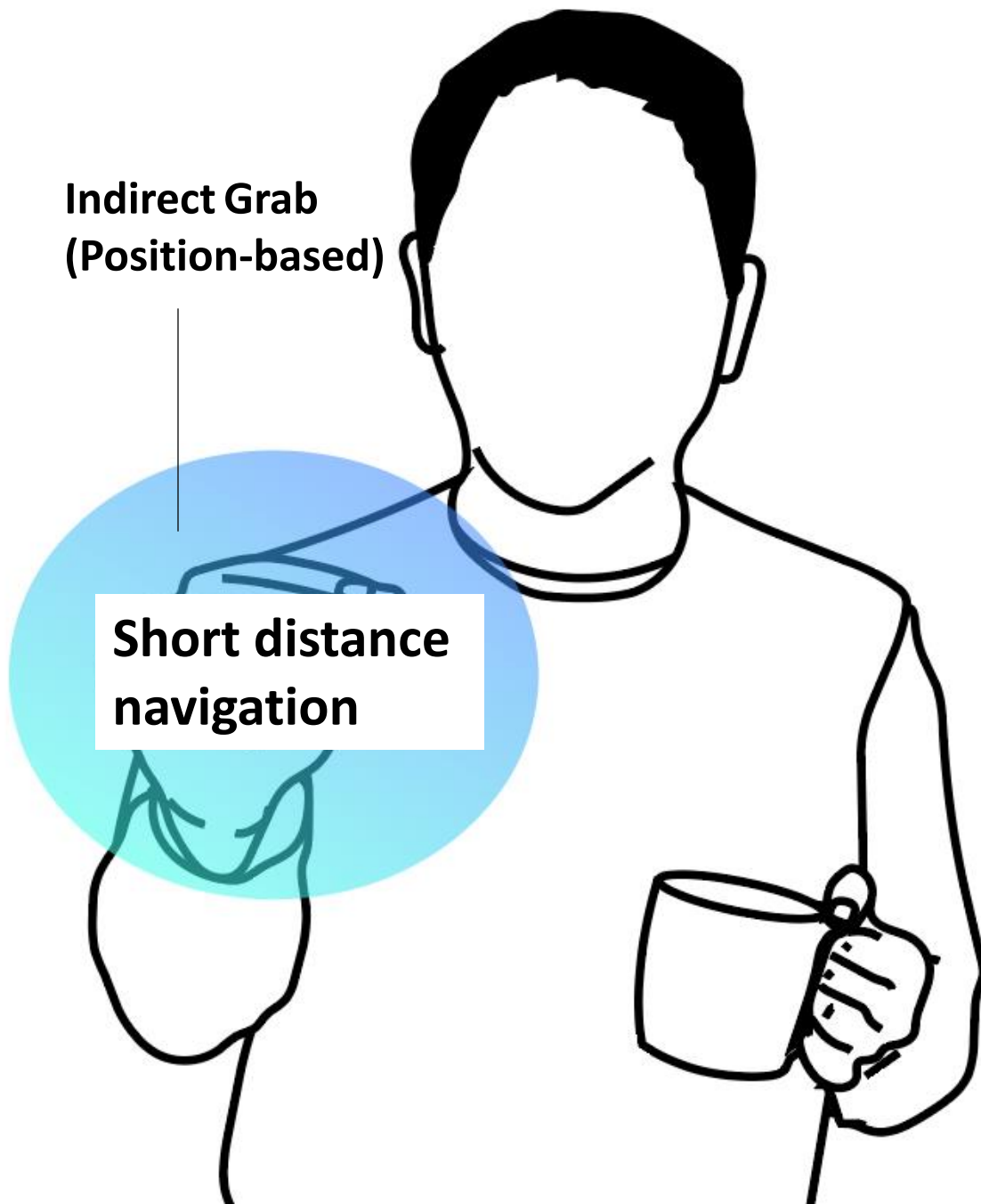
Approach: combine Indirect Grab (position-based) and Joystick (rate-based)

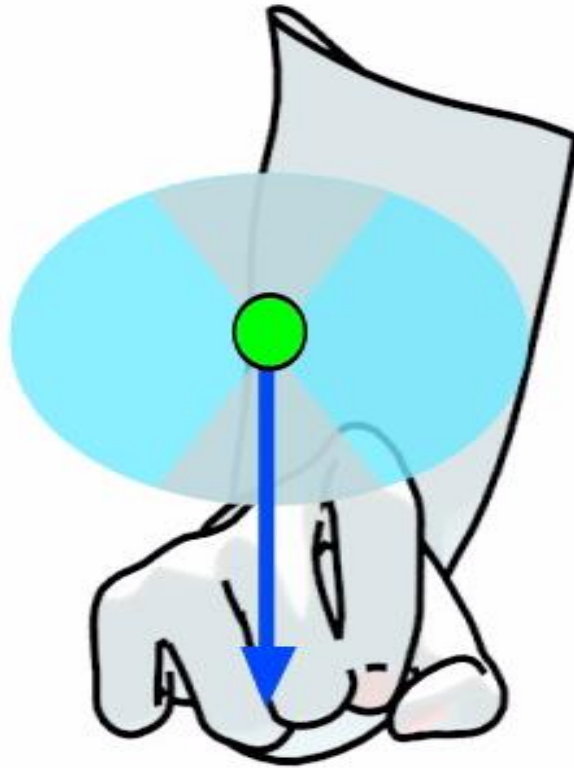
**Joystick
(Rate-based)**

**Indirect Grab
(Position-based)**

**Long distance
navigation**

**Short distance
navigation**





Pinching

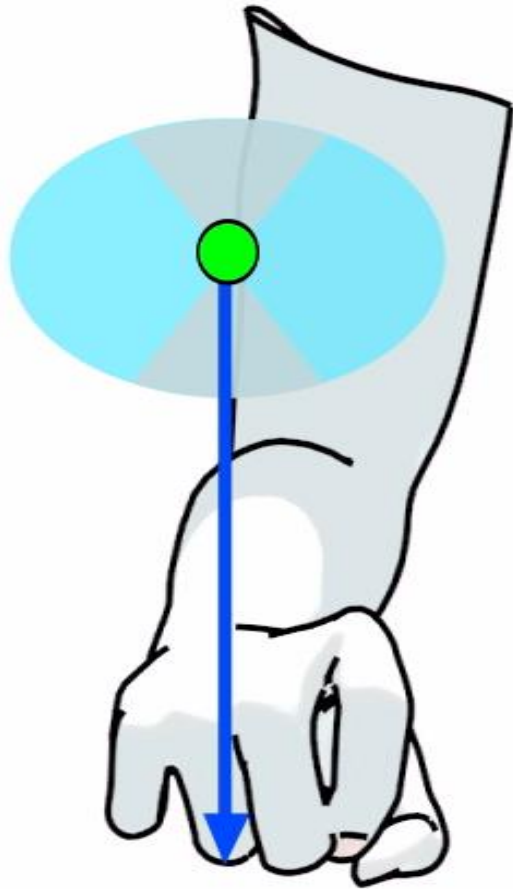
**Indirect Grab
(Position-based)**

Joystick (Rate-based)

Input Mapping Transition (Zoom in)

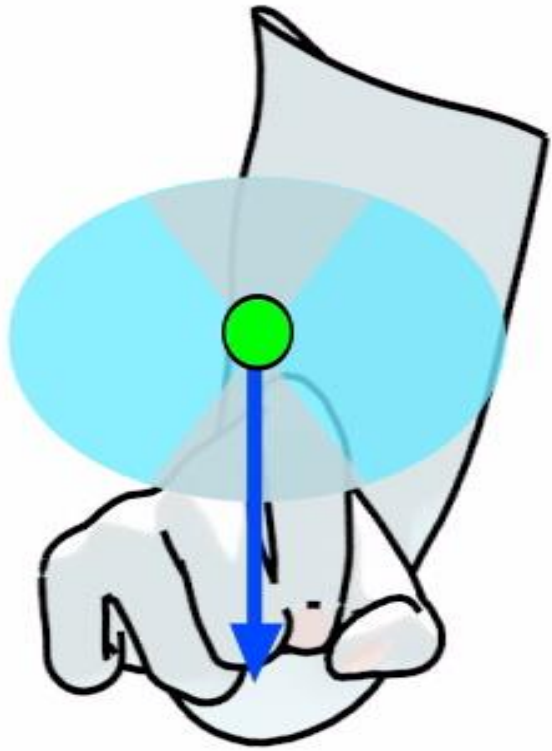
DiveZoom

Parallel zooming & panning



TerraceZoom

Sequential zooming & panning



User Study

Study Design

Techniques

- Indirect Grab
- Joystick
- DiveZoom
- TerraceZoom

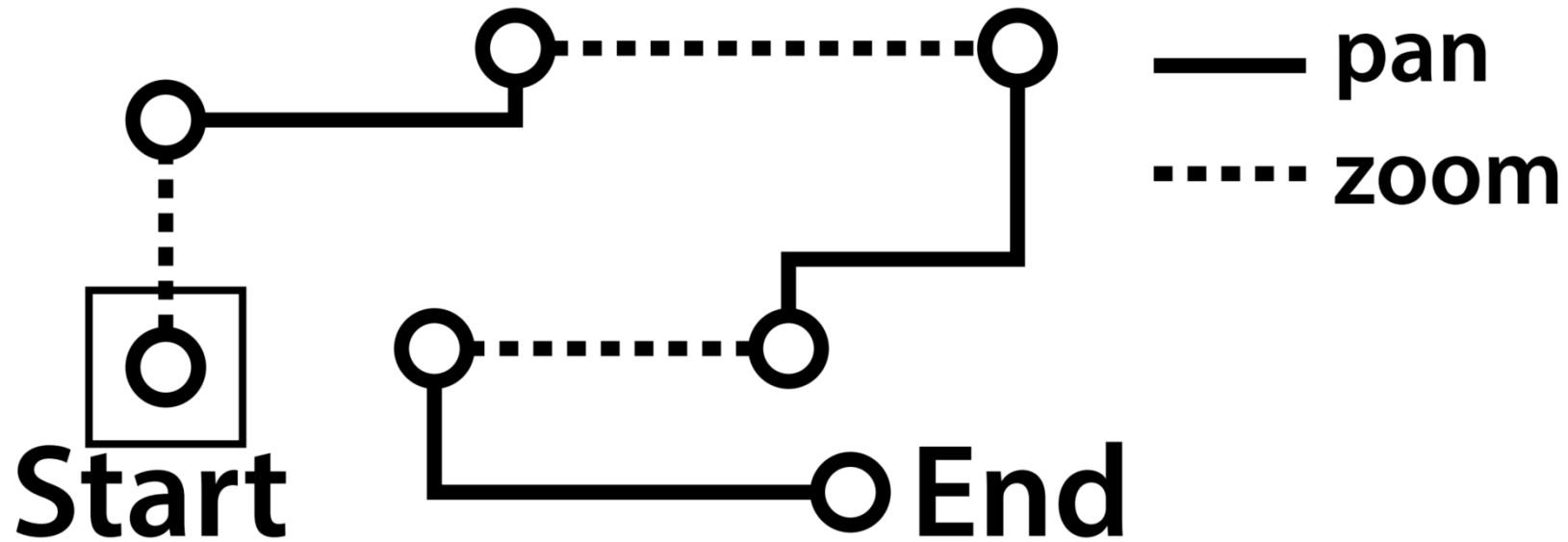
Measures

- Completion time
- Arm fatigue (Borg's RPE)
- User preference

Participants

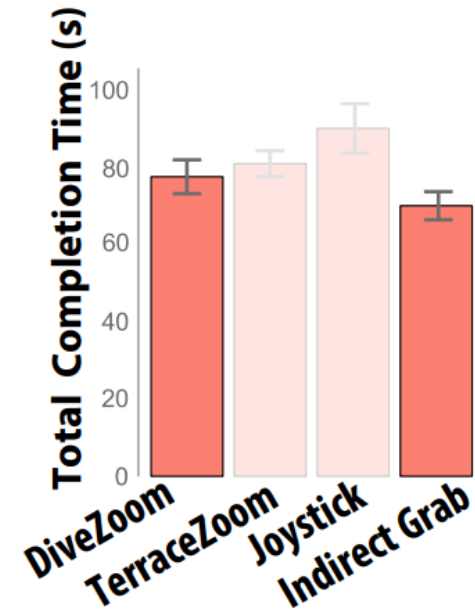
- 12 Participants (8 M, 4 F)

Navigation Task



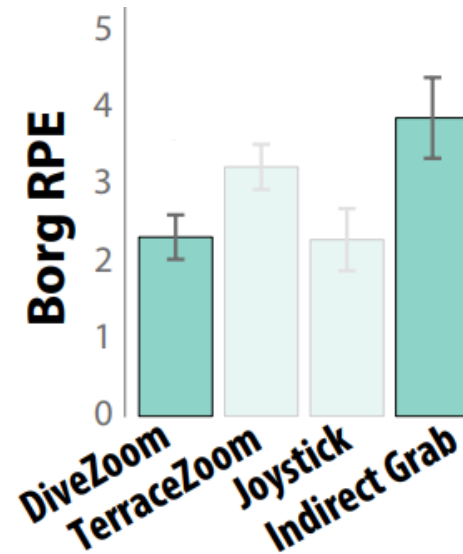
Total distance: ~ 3 km

Results: Performance



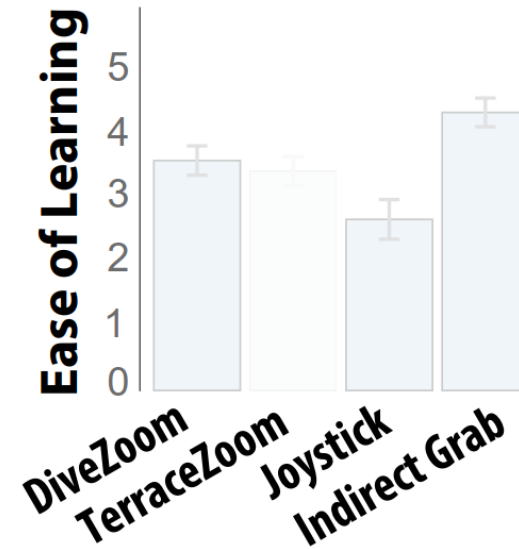
DiveZoom is as fast as Indirect Grab

Results: Perceived Fatigue



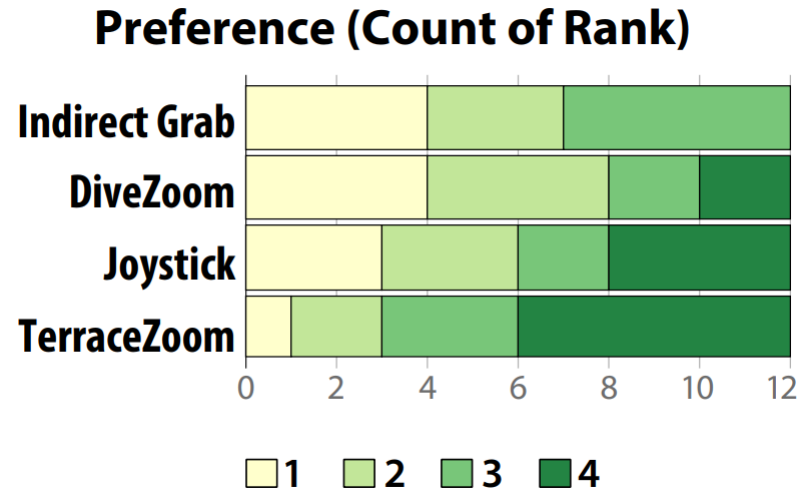
DiveZoom (weak fatigue) is less tiring than Indirect Grab (moderate fatigue).

Results: Ease of Learning



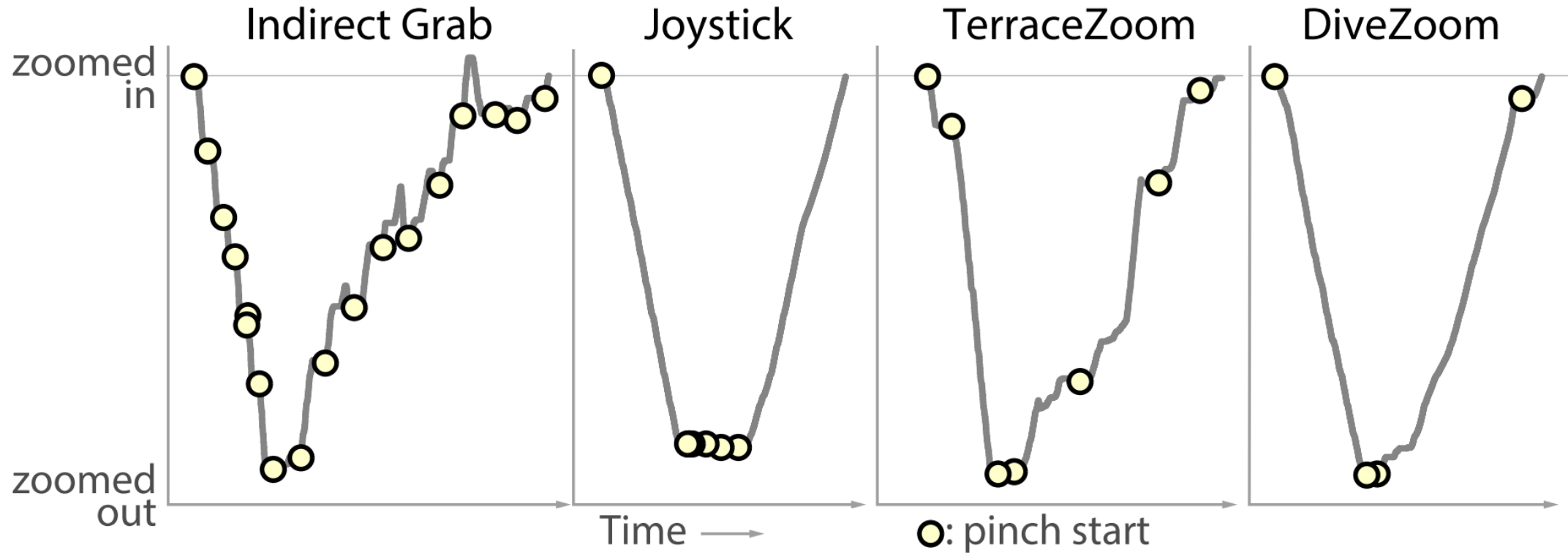
Indirect Grab is the easiest.
DiveZoom is easier than Joystick.

Results: Preference



Users prefer Indirect Grab and DiveZoom.

Conclusions



- **Fatiguing**
- **Easiest to learn**
- **Fast**

- **Less-fatiguing**
- **Hard to learn**
- **Slow**

- **Fatiguing**
- **Hard to learn**
- **Slow**

- **Less-fatiguing**
- **Easy to learn**
- **Fast**

Recommendations

Indirect Grab (Position-Based)



Short distance, short duration

DiveZoom (Hybrid)



Long distance, long duration

Thank you

ありがとうございました



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